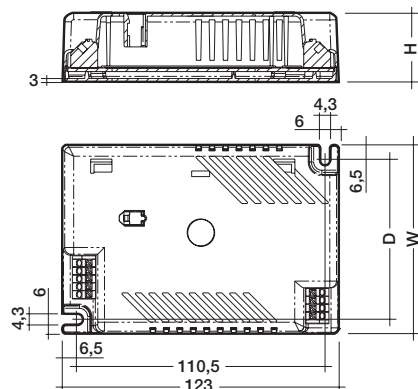




Electronic ballasts for dimming to 3% Linear lamps T5 circline

PCA T5c ECO 22–55 W 220–240V 50/60/0 Hz, dimmable



- dimming range from 3–100 %
- lamp start at 3 %
- lamp friendly warm start within 1.5 s with AC and 0.6 s with DC
- switch via the mains or with digital control signal
- dimming which is comfortable to the eye
- disturbance free precise control with a digital signal (**DSI**) or switch**DIM**
- integrated SMART interface
- fully electronic lamp management and digital communication with ASIC and μ C

- constant light output independent of fluctuating supply voltage
- DC operation in emergency lighting installations to VDE 0108
- safe shutdown of defective lamps
- safe shutdown of lamps at end of life (rectifying effect)
- automatic restart after lamp replacement
- operating frequency ~40–100 kHz

Packaging:
box of 10
50 boxes/pallet
500 pieces/pallet

Certified:
EN 55015
EN 55022
EN 60929
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61347-2-3
EN 61547
in accordance
with VDE 0108

Lamp		Ballast										
watt- age W	type	type	article number	LxWxH mm	fixing centres D mm	weight kg	circuit power W ②	lamp power W ②	current at 230V/50Hz A ②	λ at 230V/50Hz	tc point °C	temperature range ① °C
22	T5c	PCA 1/22 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	22086897	123x79x31	66.5	0.22	26.1	1x22	0.12	0.96	70	+10 → +50
40	T5c	PCA 1/40 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	22086913	123x79x31	66.5	0.22	45.5	1x40	0.2	0.98	75	+10 → +50
55	T5c	PCA 1/55 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	22086935	123x79x31	66.5	0.22	61	1x55	0.24	0.98	85	+10 → +50

① dimming to 3% between 10 °C to $t_{a \max}$.

② valid at 100 % light output

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Lamp starting characteristics:

Warm start
 Starting time 1.5 s with AC
 Starting time 0.6 s with DC
 Start at any dimming level

AC operation:

Mains voltage
 220–240 V 50/60 Hz
 198–264 V 50/60 Hz including safety tolerance ($\pm 10\%$)
 202–254 V 50/60 Hz including performance tolerance (+6% / -8%)

DC operation:

220–240 V 0 Hz
 198–280 V 0 Hz certain lamp start
 176–280 V 0 Hz operating range
 Use in emergency lighting installations according to VDE 0108 or for emergency luminaires according to EN 61347-2-3 appendix J.

Temperature range:

Dimming range 100% to 3% from 10 °C to maximum permissible ambient temperature t_a .

Mains currents in DC operation:

Ballast Type	Mains current at	Mains current at
	$U_n = 220$ VDC	$U_n = 240$ VDC
PCA 1/22 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.10 A	0.09 A
PCA 1/40 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.17 A	0.16 A
PCA 1/55 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.21 A	0.19 A

Light output level in DC operation:

Default value is 70 %
 In DC operation dimming is not possible

Ballast lumen factor AC operation (AC-BLF) EN 60929 8.1:

Ballast Type	AC-BLF at
	$U_n = 230$ VAC
PCA 1/22 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 1/40 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.01
PCA 1/55 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00

The ballast lumen factor for AC operation (AC-BLF) does not alter from $U_n = 198$ VAC to $U_n = 254$ VAC.

The ballast lumen factor for DC operation (DC-BLF) on the basis of an automatic power reduction of the ballasts (default value is 70 %) will be smaller than AC. It does not alter in the DC operating range (198–280 VDC).

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 220 V/50 Hz):

Ballast Type	THD	3	5	7	9	11
PCA 1/22 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	5.3	5.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.5
PCA 1/40 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	8.9	8.3	3.1	1.2	1.7	0.4
PCA 1/55 T5c ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	6.7	4.4	4.0	3.2	2.7	2.4

Dimming:

Dimming range 3% to 100%
Digital control with DSI signal:
8 bit Manchester Code
Maximum speed 3% to 100% in 1.4 s
Dimming curve that is friendly to the eye.

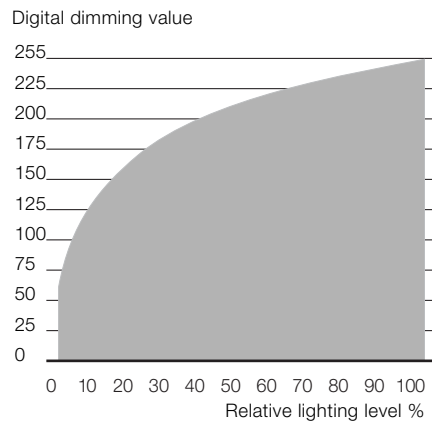
Control input (D1, D2):

Digital DSI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (D1 and D2).

Digital signal DSI:

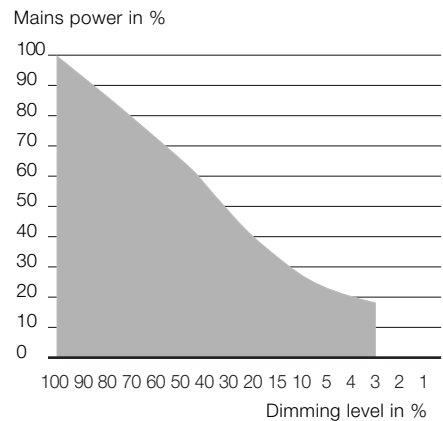
The control input is non-polar and protected against accidental connection with a mains voltage up to 264V. The control signal is not SELV. Control cable should be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations.
Different functions depending on each DSI module.

Dimming characteristics PCA ECO



■ Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

Energy Savings PCA ECO

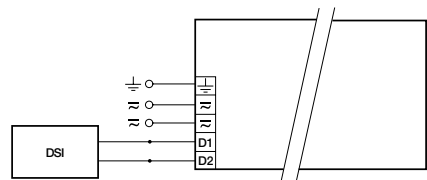


SMART interface:

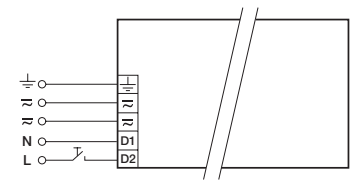
An additional interface for the direct connection of the SMART-LS light sensor. The sensor registers actual ambient light and maintains the individually defined lux level.
After every mains reset the SMART interface automatically checks for an installed sensor. With the sensor installed the PCA ECO automatically runs in the constant lux level mode.
ON/OFF-Switch via mains, switchDIM or DSI signal.
DSI signal = 0 switches off,
DSI signal ≥ 1 switches on.
Dimming with a DSI signal with the SMART-LS installed is not possible.
switchDIM enables a temporary change of light level.
The installation of the two wire bus is according to the appropriate low voltage regulations.

switchDIM:

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a push to make switch for dimming and switching.
Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches ballast ON and OFF. The ballasts switch-ON at light level set at switch-OFF (Not in case of reset after mainsfailure – start at 100%).
When the push to make switch is held, PCA ballasts are dimmed. After repush the PCA is dimmed in the opposite direction.
In installations with PCAs with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all PCAs can be synchronized to 50% dimming level by a 10 s push.
Use of push to make switch with indicator lamp is not permitted.



DSI PCA T5c ECO



switchDIM PCA T5c ECO

Loading of automatic circuit breakers:

Automatic circuit

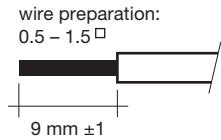
breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²
PCA 1/22 T5c ECO	24	38	54	64	12	19	27	32
PCA 1/40 T5c ECO	24	38	54	64	12	19	27	32
PCA 1/55 T5c ECO	16	24	34	40	8	12	17	20

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Installation instructions:

Wiring type and cross section:

The wiring can be in flexible cable with ferules or solid with a cross section of 0.5–1.5 mm². For perfect function of the simple to use push-wire terminals the strip length should be 9 mm.



Ballast Type	U _{out}
PCA 1/22 T5c ECO	220–240V 50/60/0Hz 250 V 250
PCA 1/40 T5c ECO	220–240V 50/60/0Hz 250 V 250
PCA 1/55 T5c ECO	220–240V 50/60/0Hz 250 V 250

RFI:

- Connection to the lamps of the hot leads must be kept as short as possible
- Mains leads should be kept apart from lamp leads (ideally 5–10 cm distance)
- Do not run mains leads adjacent to the electronic ballast
- Twist the lamp leads
- Keep the distance of lamp leads from the metal work as large as possible
- Ballast must be earthed
- Mains wiring to be twisted when through wiring
- Keep the mains leads inside the luminaire as short as possible

Important advise:

- When using two or more dimmable ballasts in one luminaire with separate dimming controls, the lamp leads must be kept separate
- All lamps must have the same length lead

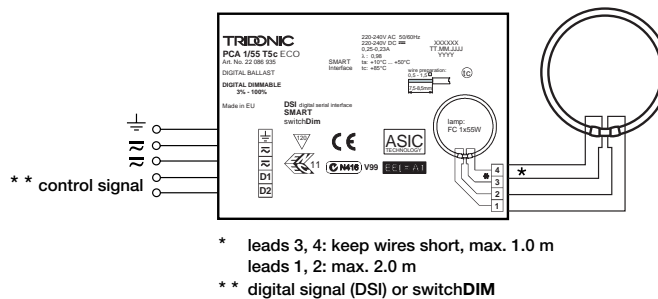
Wiring advice:

The lead length is dependent on the capacitance of the cable.

Ballast Type	Terminal		Maximum capacitance allowed	
	Cold	Hot	Cold	Hot
PCA 1/xx T5c ECO	1, 2	3, 4	200 pF	100 pF

With standard solid wire 0.5/0.75 mm² the capacitance of the lead is 30–80 pF/m. This value is influenced by the way the wiring is made.

Lamp connection should be made with symmetrical wiring. Hot leads and cold leads should be separated as much as possible.



PCA T5c ECO 22–55 W